



# SHIV NADAR UNIVERSITY

**School of Engineering**

**Department of  
Computer Science and Engineering**

**Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.)**

**2020-2024**

**Computer Science & Engineering Department,**  
**School of Engineering**  
**UG Prospectus BTech 2020-24 Batch**

Department of Computer Science and Engineering at Shiv Nadar University, Gautama Buddha Nagar offers a four-year Bachelor of Engineering Program in Computer Science and Engineering. The program is designed to meet the Program Outcomes as identified by the Washington Accord:

1. Apply knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization to the conceptualization of engineering models.
2. Identify, formulate, research literature and solve complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics and engineering sciences.
3. Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design systems, components or processes that meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
4. Conduct investigations of complex problems including design of experiments, analysis, and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
5. Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering tools, including prediction and modeling, to complex engineering activities, with an understanding of the limitations.
6. Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multidisciplinary settings.
7. Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
8. Demonstrate understanding of the societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to engineering practice.
9. Understand and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of engineering practice.

10. Understand the impact of engineering solutions in a societal context and demonstrate knowledge of and need for sustainable development.
11. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of management and business practices, such as risk and change management, and understand their limitations.
12. Recognize the need for, and have the ability to engage in independent and life-long learning.

**Program Educational Objectives:**

Graduating Students of B.Tech. Program of Computer Science and Engineering will be able to:

1. Specify, design, and develop software systems for various computing platforms, which behave reliably and efficiently, and satisfy all the requirements defined by the customer.
2. Specify, design, and develop system software to allow convenient and efficient use of computing systems.
3. Evaluate, select, and use an appropriate computing environment (languages, operating systems, and other software tools) to meet the computing needs of various disciplines.
4. Develop software for intelligent systems.
5. Develop application software systems for the management of information and data in organizations.
6. Work in a team using common tools and environments to achieve project objectives.
7. Recognize their professional and personal responsibility to the community.
8. Pursue life-long learning as a means of enhancing the knowledge and skills necessary to contribute to the betterment of their profession and community.

**Programme Structure for B.Tech (4 year)**  
**Computer Science & Engineering**

**Overall Credit Structure - 160 Credits**

S. No.	Category	Credits
1	Core Common Curriculum (CCC)	18-24*
2	University Wide Elective (UWE)	18-24*
3	Basic Sciences (BS)	17
4	Engineering Sciences (ES)	13
5	Major Core	63
6	Major Elective	12
7	Project1 + Project2/Internship	12
<b>Total Credits</b>		<b>160</b>

\*CCC and UWE has minimum 18 credits required and overall CCC+UWE should be 42 credits

At least 18 credits must be earned from CCC courses. Each student must earn at least 1.5 credits each from any six of eight topic areas listed below:

All undergraduate students at SNU must take a core group of common subjects designated as Core Common Curriculum (or CCC) courses. The CCC is designed to provide students a broad-based understanding of the world, its physical, biological and social systems, the development of human civilization and culture, and the historical development and modern formation of global society with a special emphasis on the history and development of India. The CCC consists of courses in 8 Topic Areas:

**Core Common Curriculum - 22 Credits**

S. No.	Category
1	Indian History and Society (IHS)
2	World History and Society (WHS)
3	Culture and Communication (CAS)
4	Physical and Living Systems (PLS)
5	Cognition and Intelligence (CAI)
6	Technology and Society (TAS)
7	Environment and Ecology (EAE)
8	Reasoning and Analysis (RAA)
<b>Total Credits: 18 – 24</b>	

### **Basic Sciences (BS) - 17 Credits**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Credits</b>
1	Introduction to Physics-1	4
2	Introduction to Physics-II	5
3	Mathematical Methods –I	4
4	Mathematical Methods –II	4
<b>Total Credits</b>		<b>17</b>

### **Engineering Sciences (ES) - 13 Credits**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Credits</b>
1	Introduction to Computing and Programming	4
2	Introduction to Electrical Engineering	5
3	Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics/ Material Science/ Elements of Mechanical Engineering*	4
<b>Total Credits</b>		<b>13</b>

\*Any one course from the Mechanical Engineering will be offered.

### **Core Projects- 12 Credits**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Credits</b>
1	Project-1	6
2	Project-2/Internship	6
<b>Total Credits</b>		<b>12</b>

**Major Core - 63 Credits**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Prerequisites
1	CSD201	Data Structures	4	CSD101
2	CSD202	Database Management Systems	4	CSD201
3	CSD203	Principles of Programming Language	4	CSD201
4	CSD204	Operating Systems	4	CSD201
5	CSD205	Discrete Mathematics	4	-
6	CSD206	Computer Organization and Architecture	5	EED206
7	CSD209	Probability and Statistics	4	-
8	CSD301	Software Engineering	4	CSD201
9	CSD302	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	4	CSD201
10	CSD303	Theory of Computation	4	CSD201
11	CSD304	Computer Networks	4	CSD201
12	CSD311	Artificial Intelligence	4	CSD201
13	CSD	Software Design Lab	3	
14	CSD	Seminar ( <i>S/U grade</i> )*	2	
15	EED201	Signals and Systems	4	
16	EED206	Digital Electronics	5	
	<b>Total Credits</b>		<b>63</b>	

\*Seminar Course is Satisfactory/Unsatisfactory course.

### Major Electives

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Prerequisites
1	CSD306	Compiler Design	4	CSD203, CSD303
2	CSD308	Advanced Database Management System	3	CSD202
3	CSD312	Information Retrieval	3	CSD201, CSD207, CSD209
4	CSD316	Introduction to Machine Learning	3	CSD201, CSD209
5	CSD318	Introduction to Logic and Functional Programming	3	CSD201
6	CSD321	Image Processing and Its Applications	3	
7	CSD322	Computer Graphics	3	
8	CSD326	3D Game Programming	3	CSD101
9	CSD330	Security Analytics	3	CSD201, CSD205, CSD209, CSD302, MAT160
10	CSD332	Computational Neuroscience	3	
11	CSD337	Wireless Sensor Networks	3	CSD304
12	CSD339	Performance Modeling of Computer communication networks	4	CSD304, CSD209
13	CSD342	Data Mining and Warehousing	3	CSD201
14	CSD	Applied Cryptography	3	CSD101, CSD205

15	CSD	Foundation of Information Security	3	-
16	CSD	Computer Vision	3	CSD316
17	CSD	Multimedia Computing	4	CSD203, CSD303
18	CSD	Special Topics in Artificial Intelligence	3	
19	CSD	Special Topics in Systems	3	
20	CSD	Special Topics in Applications	3	
21	CSD	Special Topics in Theoretical in Computer Science	3	
22	CSD	Special Module in Artificial Intelligence	1	
23	CSD	Special Module in Systems	1	
24	CSD	Special Module in Applications	1	
25	CSD	Special Module in Theoretical in Computer Science	1	

### Additional Elective Courses

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Credits
1	CSD	Applied Stochastic Modelling	3
2	CSD	Big Data Analytics	3
3	CSD	Computational Biology	3
4	CSD	Deep Learning	3
5	CSD	Distributed Systems	3
6	CSD	Independent Study	3
7	CSD	Information Theory	3
8	CSD	Internet of Things	3
9	CSD	Machine learning	3
10	CSD	Modelling and Simulation	3
11	CSD	Nature Inspired Computing	3
12	CSD	Parallel Programming	3
13	CSD	Pattern Recognition	3
14	CSD	Probability and Statistics	3
15	CSD	Randomized Algorithms	3
16	CSD	Reinforcement Learning	3
17	CSD	Topics in Mathematical Sciences	3
18	CSD	Queuing Theory	3
19	CSD	Virtualization and Cloud Computing	3
20	CSD	Wireless Networks	3

## Semester wise Course offering

### First Semester

Sl. No.	Course Title	L:T:P	Credits
1	Mathematical Methods-I		4
2	Introduction to Physics –I		4
3	Introduction to Computing and Programming		4
4	Material science and Engineering		4
5	CCC 1 (EVS)		4
<b>Semester Credits</b>			<b>20</b>

### Second Semester

Sl. No.	Course Title	L:T: P	Credits
1	Mathematical Methods-II		4
2	Data Structures		4
3	Introduction to Electrical Engineering		5
4	Introduction to Physics –II		5
5	CCC 2		3
<b>Semester Credits</b>			<b>21</b>

### Third Semester

S. No.	Course Title	L:T: P	Credits
1	Signals and Systems		4
2	Principles of Programming Languages		4
3	Digital Electronics		5
4	Discrete Mathematics		4
5	UWE 1 (DES211)		3
6	CCC 3		3
<b>Semester Credits</b>			<b>23</b>

### Fourth Semester

S. No.	Course Title	L:T: P	Credits
1	Probability and Statistics		4
2	Computer Organization and Architecture		5
3	Design and Analysis of Algorithms		4
4.	Major Elective 1		3
5	CCC 4		3
6	UWE 2		3



<b>Semester Credits</b>
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<b>22</b>
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**Summer Internship (15<sup>th</sup> May to 15<sup>th</sup> July) after 4th semester -Non Mandatory**

### **Fifth Semester**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Course Title</b>	<b>L:T: P</b>	<b>Credits</b>
1	Operating Systems		4
2	Database Management Systems		4
3	Theory of Computation		4
4	Major Elective 2		3
5	Software Design Lab		3
6	UWE 3		3
7	CCC 5		3
<b>Semester Credits</b>			<b>24</b>

### **Sixth Semester**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Course Title</b>	<b>L:T: P</b>	<b>Credits</b>
1	Computer Networks		4
2	Software Engineering		4
3	Artificial Intelligence		4
4	Major Elective 3		3
5	Seminar		2
6	UWE 4		3
7	UWE 5		3
8	CCC 6		3
<b>Semester Credits</b>			<b>26</b>

**Summer Internship (15<sup>th</sup> May to 15<sup>th</sup> July) after 6th semester -Non Mandatory**

### **Seventh Semester**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Course Title</b>	<b>L:T: P</b>	<b>Credits</b>
1	Major Elective 4		3
2	UWE 6		3
3	UWE 7		3
4	CCC 7		3
5	Project-1		6
<b>Semester Credits</b>			<b>18</b>

### **Eighth Semester**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Course Title</b>	<b>L:T: P</b>	<b>Credits</b>
1	Project-2/ Internship		6



# Core Course Descriptions

## Course: Introduction to Computing and Programming

School	School of Engineering
Department	Computer Science and Engineering
Course Code	CSD101
Course Title	Introduction to Computing and Programming
Credits	4
L-T-P (Contact Hours)	3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)
Prerequisites	-
Category	ES

### Course Summary:

This course briefs about Computer Structure, the Algorithmic approach to solve a problem, basic introduction to computers and its corresponding concepts for the benefit of students. Apart from this, programming concepts are also discussed in this course using C programming language.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Understand the functioning and basic terminology of computer components.
2. Understand the process of problem-solving using a computer.
3. Design an algorithmic solution for a given problem.
4. Write, compile and debug programs in C language.
5. Use different data types in a computer program.
6. Design programs involving decision structures, loops, and functions.
7. Explain the difference between call by value and call by reference
8. Understand the dynamics of memory by the use of pointers.
9. Use different data structures and create/update basic data files.
10. Write a C program for simple applications of real-life using structures and files.

### Curriculum Content:

1. Basics of a computer system: Basic hardware components, definition of compilers, assemblers, linker, loader, etc. Compiling multi-file programs.
2. C Programming Basics: Data Types, Variables, Constants, Expressions, Operators, Operator precedence and associativity, Basic Input-Output statements, Control Structures, Simple Programs in C using all the operators and control structures.
3. Basic Algorithms: exchange of values of two variables, Summation of set of numbers, Factorial Computation, Generation of Fibonacci Sequence, Reversing of digits of an integer, Base conversions, Character to Number conversion, Finding Square Root, Factorial, GCD, Generating Prime numbers.
4. Functions: Concept of Functions, Parameters, Parameter passing method, Recursion, local and global variables, scope and extent of variables, Writing programs using recursive and non-recursive functions.
5. Arrays and Strings: Single and Multi-Dimensional arrays – Strings, String manipulations, Writing C programs using Strings.
6. Structures and Unions: Declaring and using Structures, operations on Structures, arrays of structures, user-defined data type, nested structures, “sizeof” operator, Unions: Difference between Unions and structures, operations on a Union, Scope of a union.

7. Pointers: Definition and use of pointers, address operator, pointer variable, pointer arithmetic, arrays of pointers, passing arrays to functions, pointers and functions, constant pointers, pointers to functions, Pointer to structure, Self-referencing structures.
8. Dynamic Memory Allocation: Library functions for Dynamic Memory Allocation, Dynamic multi-dimension arrays, Command-line arguments: using argc, agrv.

**Textbooks and References:**

1. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline, *Programming with C*, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill.
2. Rajaraman, *Fundamentals of Computers*, 5th Edition, PHI Learning.
3. M. Felleisen, R. B. Findler, M. Flatt, S. Krishnamurthi, *How To Design Programs: An Introduction To Programming And Computing*, 1st Edition, PHI Learning.
4. Ivor Horton, *Beginning C Programming*, 2nd Edition, Wrox Press.
5. Herbert Schildt, *Teach Yourself C*, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill Osborne Media.
6. Paul J. Deitel, *C: How to Program*, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice-Hall.
7. Kamthane, *Programming in C*, 2nd Edition, Pearson.
8. Mittal, *Programming in C – A practical approach*, 2nd Edition, Pearson.
9. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, *The C Programming Language*, Prentice-Hall of India.

**Course: Data Structure**

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Data Structures</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

**Course Summary:**

This course introduces problem-solving techniques using programs and the design of algorithms and their complexity. It includes an overview of elementary data structures and advanced data structures. Topics would include Time and Space Complexities, Searching, Sorting, Hashing, Basic and Advance concepts in Trees, Priority Queues and Graphs.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Ability to analyze algorithms and their complexities (Time and Space).
2. Understand and use the concept of Abstract Data Types with their respective applications.
3. Ability to handle operations like searching, sorting, insertion, deletion, traversing mechanism, etc. on various data structures.
4. Understand the concept of hashing and different terms related such as hash function, double hashing, collision, collision resolution, etc.
5. Understand and implement Basic and Advance concepts in Trees, Priority Queues, Graphs and Graph Algorithms.

**Curriculum Content:**

1. Introduction to Notions of data type, abstract data type, and data structures. Relation to the notion of classes and objects in object-oriented programming. Importance of algorithms and data structures in programming. Notion of Complexity covering time complexity and space complexity. Worst-case complexity, Average-case complexity. Big-Oh Notation.
2. Iteration and Recursion- Problem-solving using iteration and recursion with examples such as binary search, Fibonacci numbers, and Hanoi towers. Tradeoffs between iteration and recursion.
3. List ADT. Implementation of lists using arrays and pointers. Stack ADT. Queue ADT. Implementation of stacks and queues. Dictionaries, Hash tables: open tables and closed tables. Analysis of hashing. Skip lists and analysis.
4. Binary Trees- Definition and traversals: preorder, postorder, inorder. Common types and properties of binary trees. Counting of binary trees. Huffman coding using binary trees. Binary search trees: worst-case analysis and average-case analysis. AVL trees. Splay trees. Priority Queues -Binary heaps: insert and delete min operations and analysis. Binomial queues.
5. Directed Graphs- Data structures for graph representation. Shortest path algorithms: Dijkstra (greedy algorithm) and Bellman-Ford (dynamic programming). Depth-first search and Breadth-first search. Directed acyclic graphs. Undirected Graphs- Depth-first search and breadth-first search. Minimal spanning trees and algorithms and implementation. Application to the travelling salesman problem.
6. Sorting- Bubblesort, selection sort, insertion sort, Shell sort; Quicksort; Heapsort; Mergesort; Radix sort; Analysis of the sorting methods. Selecting the top k elements. Lower bound on sorting.

**Textbooks and References:**

1. Alfred V. Aho, Jeffrey D. Ullman, John E. Hopcroft, *Data Structures and Algorithms*, Addison Wesley Series, 1983.
2. Mark Allen Weiss, *Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in Java*, 3rd Edition, Addison Wesley, 2011.
3. T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, and R.L. Rivest. *Introduction to Algorithms*. The MIT Press and McGraw-Hill Book Company, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 1990.
4. Steven S. Skiena, *The Algorithm Design Manual*, 2nd Edition, Springer, 2008.

**Course: Principles of Programming Languages**

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD203</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Principles of Programming Languages</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

**Course Summary:**

This course aims at understanding the different programming paradigms available.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Connect the theoretical foundations of Computer Science to designing problem-solving algorithms.
2. To understand the principles behind designing a programming language that would help learn a new programming language

3. Understand the strengths and limitations of different programming languages
4. Learn to use the most suitable programming language for any given problem.

**Curriculum Content:**

Desirable Features of Programming Languages, Introduction to Functional Programming (Lambda Calculus), Abstractions and object-oriented programming concepts, Declarative Programming (First Order Predicate Logic), Impact of machine architectures

**Textbooks and References:**

1. Terrance Pratt, Zelkowitz and T.V. Gopal, *Programming Languages- Design and Implementation*, 4th Edition, Pearson.
2. Franklyn Turbak and David Gifford, *Design Concepts in Programming Languages*, MIT Press, 2008.
3. Daniel P. Friedman and Mitchell Wand, *Essentials of Programming Languages*, 3rd edition, MIT Press, 2008.

## Course: Discrete Mathematics

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD205</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Discrete Mathematics</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-1-0 (L:3H - T:1H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

**Course Summary:**

Throughout the course, students will be expected to demonstrate their understanding of Discrete Mathematics by being able to use mathematically correct terminology and notation, construct correct direct and indirect proofs, use division into cases in proof, use counterexamples and apply logical reasoning to solve a variety of problems

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. For a given logic sentence express it in terms of predicates, quantifiers, and logical connectives.
2. For a given problem, derive the solution using deductive logic and prove the solution based on logical inference.
3. For a given a mathematical problem, classify its algebraic structure.
4. Evaluate Boolean functions and simplify expressions using the properties of Boolean algebra.
5. Develop the given problem as graph networks and solve with techniques of graph theory.

**Curriculum Content:**

1. Sets, Operations on sets, Cartesian product of sets, General proofs of some fundamental identities on sets. Relations and Digraphs, Paths in relations and digraphs, Properties of relations, Equivalence relations and equivalence classes, Operations on relations, Connection between relations and some data structures, Transitive Closure and Warshall's algorithm.
2. Functions: Definition, Classification of functions, Operations on functions, Recursively defined functions. Growth of Functions. Recurrence relations, Partial order relations Propositions, and Logical operations, Conditional statements, Methods of proof, Mathematical induction. First-order predicate, well-formed formula of predicate, quantifiers, Inference theory of predicate logic. Counting Techniques, Pigeonhole principle,

3. Algebraic Structures: Definition, Groups, Subgroups and order, Cyclic Groups, Cosets, Lagrange's theorem, Normal Subgroups, Permutation and Symmetric groups, Group Homomorphisms, Definition and elementary properties of Rings and Fields, Integers Modulo n.
4. Partial order sets: Definition, Partial order sets, Combination of partial order sets, Hasse diagram.
5. Lattices: Definition, Properties of lattices – Bounded, Complemented, Modular and Complete lattice. Trees, Labeled trees, Tree searching, Undirected trees, Isomorphic trees, Minimal spanning trees, Prim's algorithm. Graphs, Euler paths, and circuits, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, isomorphic graphs, Transport networks, Matching problems, Colouring graphs.

**Textbooks and References:**

1. C.L.Liu and Mohapatra, *Elements of Discrete Mathematics*, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill Companies.
2. Kolman, Busby, and Ross, *Discrete Mathematical Structures*, 6th Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
3. Joseph A Gallan, *Contemporary abstract algebra*, 8th Edition, Narosa Publishing House.
4. Kenneth Rosen, *Discrete Mathematics and its applications*, 7th edition, McGraw Hill Education.
5. J.P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, *Discrete Mathematical Structure and Its Applications to Computer Science*, 1st Edition, TataMcgraw-Hill.
6. Norman L. Biggs, *Discrete Mathematics*, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press.
7. Seymour Lipschutz, Marc Lipson, *Schaum's Outlines Series of linear Algebra*, 3rd edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
8. Kenneth Rosen, *Discrete Mathematics and its Applications*, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

## Course: Probability and Statistics

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD209</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Probability and Statistics</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-1-0 (L:3H - T:1H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

**Course Summary:**

Uncertainty is ubiquitous and probability theory provides a rational description. These are several situations in computer engineering and other disciplines, where one tries to cope with probability and uncertainty.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Have a better understanding of probabilistic systems, such as reliability, performance-related issues by assigning an appropriate probability distribution
2. Some elementary understanding of the generation of random numbers for solving problems.
3. Employ elements of information theory in quantification and uncertainty
4. Appreciate the concepts in statistical inference in relation to estimation of parameters, testing of hypothesis and regression analysis.

**Curriculum Content:**

1. Axioms of probability, Conditional probability and independence, Bayes theorem.
2. Random variables, Distribution function, discrete random variable, Expectation, Variance, Bernoulli and Binomial random variable. Poisson random variable, Negative binomial random variable, Geometric random variable.
3. Continuous random variable: Expectation of random variable, Variance, Distribution: Uniform, Normal and Exponential, Jointly distributed random variables, Independent random variable, Sum of independent random variable, Conditional distribution, Joint probability distribution, Covariance, Correlation coefficient.
4. Generation of random numbers and elements of Monte Carlo simulation.
5. Elements of information theory: Entropy, Mutual information.

**Textbooks and References:**

1. Sheldon Ross, *A first course in probability*, 9th edition, Pearson Education India.
2. Kishor S. Trivedi, *Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queuing, and Computer Science Applications*, 2nd edition, Wiley.
3. Robertazzi, *Computer Networks and Systems: Queuing Theory and Performance Evaluation*, 3rd edition, Springer.

**Course: Computer Organization and Architecture**

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Computer Organization and Architecture</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-1-0 (L:3H - T:1H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>EED206</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

**Course Summary:**

This course includes the working of Computer Systems, Instruction Level Architecture, Instruction Execution, current state of the art in memory system design, and I/O devices. It also includes the concept of microprogramming, parallel architecture and pipelining techniques.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Draw the functional block diagram of a single bus architecture of a computer and describe the function of the instruction execution cycle, RTL interpretation of instructions, addressing modes, instruction set.
2. Write an assembly language program for specified microprocessor for computing 16-bit multiplication, division, and I/O device interface (ADC, Control circuit, serial port communication).
3. Draw a flowchart for Concurrent access to memory and cache coherency in Parallel Processors and describe the process.
4. Design a memory and analyze its operation by interfacing with the CPU by given CPU organization and instruction.

**Curriculum Content:**



1. Functional blocks of a computer: CPU, memory, input-output subsystems, control unit.
2. Instruction set architecture of a CPU—register, instruction execution cycle, RTL
3. Interpretation of instructions, addressing modes, instruction set. Case study – instruction sets of some common CPUs.
4. Data representation: signed number representation, fixed and floating-point representations, character representation. Computer arithmetic – integer addition and subtraction, ripple carry adder, carry look-ahead adder, etc. multiplication – shift-and-add, Booth multiplier, carry-save multiplier, etc. Division restoring and non-restoring techniques, floating-point arithmetic.
5. Introduction to x86 architecture. CPU control unit design: hardwired and micro-programmed design approaches, Case study – design of a simple hypothetical CPU. Memory system design: semiconductor memory technologies, memory organization. Peripheral devices and their characteristics: Input-output subsystems, I/O device interface, I/O transfers—program-controlled, interrupt-driven and DMA, privileged and non-privileged instructions, software interrupts and exceptions. Programs and processes—the role of interrupts in-process state transitions, I/O device interfaces – SCII, USB
6. Pipelining: Basic concepts of pipelining, throughput and speedup, pipeline hazards. Parallel Processors: Introduction to parallel processors, Concurrent access to memory and cache coherency.
7. Memory organization: Memory interleaving, the concept of hierarchical memory organization, cache memory, cache size vs. block size, mapping functions, replacement algorithms, write policies.

#### **Textbooks and References:**

1. David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, *Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface*, 5th Edition, Elsevier.
2. Carl Hamacher, *Computer Organization and Embedded Systems*, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill Higher Education.
3. John P. Hayes, *Computer Architecture and Organization*, 3rd Edition, WCB McGraw-Hill.
4. William Stallings, *Computer Organization and Architecture: Designing for Performance*, 10th Edition, Pearson Education.
5. Vincent P. Heuring and Harry F. Jordan, *Computer System Design and Architecture*, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education.

## **Course: Design and Analysis of Algorithms**

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD302</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Design and Analysis of Algorithms</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

#### **Course Summary:**

This course includes the introductory and advanced concepts and implementation of the concepts of asymptotic notations, theoretical and empirical analysis of iterative and recursive algorithms, randomized algorithms, divide and conquer, greedy method, dynamic programming, graph algorithms, backtracking, NP-Hard, and NP-Complete problems.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Demonstrate knowledge of how to measure the complexity of an algorithm, including best-case, worst-case, and average complexities as functions of the input size, as well as classification in terms of asymptotic complexity classes.
2. Recognize different algorithmic design strategies which include recursion, divide-and-conquer, the greedy method, dynamic programming, and backtracking and branch-and-bound, etc.
3. Compare different algorithm design strategies for any computational problem.
4. Understand the concepts of NP-Completeness.

**Curriculum Content:**

1. Introduction- Fundamental characteristics of an algorithm. Basic algorithm analysis –Asymptotic analysis of complexity bounds – best, average and worst-case behavior, standard notations for expressing algorithmic complexity. Empirical measurements of performance, time and space trade-offs in algorithms. Using recurrence relations to analyze recursive algorithms – illustrations using recursive algorithms.
2. Fundamental Algorithmic Strategies: Brute-Force, Greedy, Branch-and-Bound, Backtracking, and Dynamic Programming methodologies as techniques for design of algorithms – Illustrations of these techniques for Problem-Solving. Heuristics – characteristics and their domains of applicability. Design of algorithms for String matching problems, Huffman Code and Data compression problems, Subset-sum and Knapsack problems.
3. Graph and Tree Algorithms: Depth- and Breadth-First traversals. Shortest path algorithms, Transitive closure, Minimum Spanning Tree, Topological sort, Network Flow problems.
4. Tractable and Intractable Problems: Computability. The Halting problem. Computability classes – P, NP, NP-complete, and NP-hard. Cook’s theorem. Standard NP-Complete problems Reduction techniques.
5. Advanced Topics: Approximation algorithms, Randomized algorithms, Class of problems beyond NP – P SPACE.

**Textbooks and References:**

1. Jon Kleinberg and Eva Tardos, *Algorithm Design*, 1st Edition, Pearson Education India.
2. T.H. Corman et. al., *Introduction to Algorithms*, 3rd Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
3. E. Horowitz et al., *Fundamentals of Algorithms*, Universities Press.
4. C.H. Papadimitriou et al., *Combinatorial Optimization: Algorithms and Complexity*, Dover Publications, 1998.

**Course: Operating Systems**

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD204</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Operating Systems</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

**Course Summary:**

The topics covered are introductory concepts on processes, threads, process synchronization, CPU scheduling, memory management, storage, file-system, and I/O systems. The topics covered are generic and not tied to any particular operating system.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Identify the fundamental functions and basic structure of operating systems.
2. Understand process concept, process and CPU scheduling, and inter-process communication
3. Understand and apply multithreading, synchronization, Memory management.
4. Understand File Systems and I/O Systems.

**Curriculum Content:**

1. Definition, Design Goals, Evolution; Concept of User, job and Resources; Batch processing, Multi-programming, Time sharing; Structure and Functions of Operating System.
2. Process Management: Process states, State Transitions, Process Control Structure, Context Switching, Process Scheduling, Threads. Process Interaction, Shared Data and Critical Section, Mutual Exclusion, Busy form of waiting, Lock and unlock primitives, Synchronization, Classical Problems of Synchronization, Semaphores, Monitors, Conditional Critical Regions, System Deadlock, Wait for Graph.
3. Deadlock Handling Techniques: Prevention, Avoidance, Detection and Recovery.
4. Memory Management: Address Binding, Dynamic Loading and Linking Concepts, Logical and Physical Addresses, Contiguous Allocation, Fragmentation, Paging, Segmentation, Combined Systems, Virtual Memory, Demand Paging, Page fault, Page replacement algorithms, Global Vs Local Allocation, Thrashing, Working Set Model.
5. File and Secondary Storage Management: File Attributes, File Types, File Access Methods, Directory Structure, File System Organization, and Mounting, Allocation Methods, Free Space management; Disk Structure, Logical and Physical View, Disk Head Scheduling, Formatting, Swap Management. Protection & Security.UNIX/ LINUX and WINDOWS as example systems.
6. Introduction to Distributed Systems.

**Textbooks and References :**

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter B Galvin, Greg Gagne,*Operating systems Concepts*,9th Edition, Wiley.
2. William Stallings,*Operating Systems Design and Implementation*,5thEdition, Prentice-Hall.
3. Harvey M. Deitel, Paul J. Deitel, David R. *Operating systems*,3rd Edition, Prentice-Hall.
4. Haldar, Aravind, *Operating Systems*, 2nd Edition, Pearson.
5. Charles Crowley, *Operating System: A Design-oriented Approach*, 1st Edition, Irwin Publishing.
6. Gary J. Nutt, *Operating Systems: A Modern Perspective*, 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley.
7. Maurice Bach, *Design of the Unix Operating Systems*, 8th Edition, Prentice-Hall of India.
8. Daniel P. Bovet, Marco Cesati, *Understanding the Linux Kernel*, 3rd Edition, O'Reilly and Associates.

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## Course: Database Management Systems

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD202</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Database Management Systems</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

**Course Summary:**

This course is designed to equip students with knowledge about the fundamentals of Database Management Systems. The course also has a significant lab component. Through this lab component, students will gain exposure to SQL as well as procedural SQL. It includes an introduction to DBMS (Database Management Systems), ER model, relational data model, relational algebra, normalization, indexing, query processing & optimization, transaction processing, concurrency control & recovery, and an introduction to some advanced topics such as data mining, data warehousing, and Big Data.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Understand database architecture and database system environment
2. Understand data models and schemas
3. Write database requirements analysis for building a DBMS for a given organization or subset of an organization
4. Design ER model to satisfy database requirements
5. Design a relational database using SQL, while satisfying relational model constraints
6. Understand the importance of indexing and design indexes based on application requirements
7. Understand query processing & optimization, while taking trade-offs into consideration
8. Understand transaction processing, concurrency control & recovery
9. Write programs in SQL

**Curriculum Content:**

1. Introduction to Databases and Transactions: database system definition, the purpose of the database system, view of data, relational databases, database architecture, and transaction management.
2. Data Models: The importance of data models, Basic building blocks, Business rules, The evolution of data models, Degrees of data abstraction.
3. Database Design: ER-Diagram and Unified Modeling Language Database design and ER Model: overview, ER-Model, Constraints, ER-Diagrams, ERD Issues, weak entity sets, Codd's rules, Relational Schemas, Introduction to UML Relational database model: Logical view of data, keys, integrity rules. Relational Database design: features of good relational database design, atomic domain, and Normalization (1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF).
4. Relational Algebra: Introduction, Selection and projection, set operations, renaming, Joins, Division, syntax, semantics. Operators, grouping and ungrouping, relational comparison.
5. Constraints, Views, and SQL: constraints, types of constraints, Integrity constraints, Views: Introduction to views, data independence, security, updates on views, comparison between tables and views SQL: data definition, aggregate function, Null Values, nested subqueries, Joined relations. Triggers.
6. Transaction management, Concurrency control, and Recovery: Transaction management: ACID properties, serializability and concurrency control, Lock based concurrency control (2PL, Deadlocks), Time stamping methods, database recovery management techniques.

**Textbooks and References:**

1. Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, *Fundamentals of Database Systems*, 7th Edition, Pearson, 2017.
2. Avi Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, *Database System Concepts*, 7th Edition, McGraw-Hill.

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## Course: Theory of Computation

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD303</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Theory of Computation</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

### Course Summary:

The theory of computation teaches how efficiently problems can be solved on a model of computation, using an algorithm. It is also necessary to learn the ways in which the computer can be made to think. Finite state machines can help in natural language processing which is an emerging area.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Write a formal notation for strings, languages, and machines.
2. Design finite automata to accept a set of strings of a language.
3. For a given language determine whether the given language is regular or not.
4. Design context-free grammars to generate strings of context-free language.
5. Determine equivalence of languages accepted by Push Down Automata and languages generated by context-free grammars
6. Write the hierarchy of formal languages, grammars, and machines.
7. Distinguish between computability and non-computability and Decidability and undecidability.

### Curriculum Content:

Regular expressions and finite automata. Context-free grammars and push-down automata. Regular and context-free languages, pumping lemma. Turing machines and undecidability.

### Textbooks and References:

1. M. Sipser, *Theory of Computation*, 3rd Edition, Cengage.
2. Hopcroft Motwani and Ullman, *Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation*, Pearson.
3. Peter Linz, *Introduction to formal languages and automata*, Jones & Bartlett.
4. Harry R. Lewis and Christos H. Papadimitriou, *Elements of the Theory of Computation*, , 1st edition, Pearson Education Asia.
5. Dexter C. Kozen, *Automata and Computability, Undergraduate Texts in Computer Science*, Springer, 2007.
6. Michael Sipser, *Introduction to the Theory of Computation*, 3rd edition, Cengage Learning.
7. John Martin, *Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation*, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

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## Course: Computer Networks

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD304</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Computer Networks</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

### Course Summary:

This course develops an understanding of modern network architectures from a design and performance perspective. It introduces the student to the major concepts involved in wide-area networks (WANs), local area networks (LANs) and Wireless LANs (WLANs) and provides an opportunity to learn the practical aspects using network programming as well.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Explain the functions of the different layers of the OSI Protocol.
2. Draw the functional block diagram of wide-area networks (WANs), local area networks (LANs) and Wireless LANs (WLANs) to describe the function of each block.
3. For a given requirement (small scale) of wide-area networks (WANs), local area networks (LANs) and Wireless LANs (WLANs), design based on the market available component.
4. For a given problem-related TCP/IP protocol developed the network programming.
5. Configure DNS DDNS, TELNET, EMAIL, File Transfer Protocol (FTP), WWW, HTTP, SNMP, Bluetooth, Firewalls using open source available software and tools.

### Curriculum Content:

1. Introduction -Hardware and software, Data communication, Networking, Protocols and Protocol architecture, standards. Data transmission concepts. Analog and digital transmission. Transmission impairments. Layered Architecture of Computer Networks, OSI and TCP/IP architectures
2. Physical Layer- Guided transmission media and wireless transmission, Data encoding - Digital and analog data and signals, spread spectrum. Data communication interface - asynchronous and synchronous transmission, line configuration and interfacing. Data link control - Flow control. Error detection and error control. HDLC and other data link protocols. Multiplexing – Frequency-division, synchronous time-division, and statistical time-division multiplexing
3. Link Layer: Medium Access Control: CDMA, ALOHA, and Ethernet; Link Layer Addressing and Forwarding; Spanning Trees; The Channel Allocation Problem, Multiple Access Protocols, Ethernet, Wireless LANs, Broadband Wireless, Bluetooth, Data Link Layer Switching, Switched networks. Circuit-switched networks. Switching concepts. Routing in circuit-switched networks. Control signaling. Packet switching principles. Routing and congestion control, x.25 protocol standard. LAN Technology - LAN architecture. Bus/tree, ring, star, and wireless LANs. LAN Systems - Ethernet and Fast Ethernet (CSMA/CD) Token ring and FDDI, ATM LANs, Fiber channel, wireless LANs. Bridges - Bridge operation and routing with bridges.
4. Network Layer: Network layer design issues. Routing algorithms, Flooding, Shortest path routing, Link State routing, Hierarchical routing, Broadcast and multicast routings, Routing in the Internet, Path Vector routing, OSPF

routing. The network layer on the Internet: IP protocol, ARP and RARP, BOOTP, ICMP, DHCP, Network Address Translation(NAT) Internetworking

5. Transport Layer: TCP introduction, Reliable/Un- Reliable Transport, TCP, UDP, Congestion Control, Intra-Domain Routing: Distance-Vector, Intra-Domain Routing: Link State, Wireless Networks: 802.11 MAC, Efficiency considerations
6. Application Layer: DNS-The Domain Name System, Electronic Mail, HTTP, FTP, Simple network management protocol (SNMP), The World Wide Web
7. Web and Multimedia: The World Wide Web – client and server side of www, HTML and webpages, JAVA language, Locating on the web. Multimedia- Audio & Video, Data compression, Video on demand, Multicast backbone.
8. Security: Introduction, Cryptography and Cryptanalysis, Public Key Cryptography Algorithms, RSA Algorithm, DES, Authentication and Authorization.

#### **Textbooks and References:**

1. Andrew S Tanenbaum, *Computer Networks*, PHI, 2010.
2. William Stallings, *Data and Computer Communications*, PHI, 2002.
3. Fred Halsall, *Data Communications, Computer networking on OSI*, Addison Wesley Publishing Co, 1998.
4. James F. Kurose and Keith W. Ross, *Computer Networking -A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet*, Addison Wesley Publishing Co., 2004.
5. Uyles Black, *Computer Networks: Protocols standards and interfaces*, Prentice-Hall, 2002.
6. Behrouz A. Forouzan, *Data communication & Networks*, Tata McGraw Hill. 2002.

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## **Course: Artificial Intelligence**

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD311</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Artificial Intelligence</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

**Course Summary:** This course introduces the concepts and techniques in the field of artificial intelligence. It is aimed for undergraduate students who have knowledge of Data structures and any imperative programming language such as C, C++, Java, etc. AI is a broad area consisting of various courses under its umbrella such as Neural Network, Soft Computing, Machine Learning, Natural Language Processing, Vision, etc., But this course imparts broad overview, both of traditional and modern AI, and prepares a student for advanced elective courses as mentioned above.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Use language Prolog (Programming in Logic) to develop software systems
2. Develop programs for 2-player games
3. Develop production system and expert system
4. Develop Neural Network and Fuzzy systems

#### **Curriculum Content:**

1. Introduction: Overview of AI, AI problems and characteristics, Problem-solving: Production systems, control strategies, Reasoning: forward & backward chaining exhaustive search strategies (Breadth-first search, Depth-first search, Iterative deepening, Uniform cost search)
2. Intelligent searching: Best first search, A\* algorithm, AO\* algorithm, Measures of performance
3. Game playing: Minimax & game trees, Refining Minimax, Alpha-Beta pruning
4. Knowledge Representation: First order predicate Calculus Resolution, Unification, Natural deduction system, Resolution Refutation, Logic Programming, PROLOG, Semantic Networks, Frame System, Value inheritance, Conceptual Dependency.
5. Advanced Problem solving using Planning, Handling uncertainty: using probabilistic models and Fuzzy Logic.
6. Machine learning: Inductive and deductive learning, Artificial Neural Networks, Support Vector Machines, Expert Systems and Applications of Expert System.
7. Soft computing: genetic algorithms, swarm intelligence.
8. Intelligent agents: Classification of agents, architecture and multi-agent system design and applications, Natural language Processing

**Textbooks and References:**

1. Saroj Kaushik, *Artificial Intelligence*, 1st Edition, Cengage Learning, 2019 (reprint)
2. Stuart Russell & Peter Norvig, *Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach*, 3rd Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2009.
3. Tom Mitchell., *Machine Learning*, 1st Edition, McGraw-Hill, 1997

## Course: Software Engineering

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD301</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Software Engineering</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

**Course Summary:**

Software engineering is the branch of computer science that creates practical, cost-effective solutions to computing and information processing problems, preferentially by applying scientific knowledge, developing software systems in the service of mankind. This course covers the fundamentals of software engineering, including understanding system requirements, finding appropriate engineering compromises, effective methods of design, coding, and testing, team software development, and the application of engineering tools. The course will combine a strong technical focus with a capstone project providing the opportunity to practice engineering knowledge, skills, and practices in a realistic development.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Understand various phases of the software development lifecycle.
2. Analyze the requirements systematically and develop the model using standard tools and
3. Apply key aspects of software engineering processes for the development of a complex software system.
4. Develop a quality software project through effective team-building, planning, scheduling, and risk assessment.
5. Keep abreast of current trends in the area of software engineering



**Curriculum Content:**

1. Introduction- Notion of Software as a Product – characteristics of a good Software Product. Engineering aspects of Software production – the necessity of automation. Job responsibilities of Programmers and Software Engineers as Software developers.
2. Process Models and Program Design Techniques- Software Development Process Models – Code & Fix model, Waterfall model, Incremental model, Rapid Prototyping model, Spiral (Evolutionary) model. Good Program Design Techniques – Structured Programming, Coupling and Cohesion, Abstraction and Information Hiding, Automated Programming, Defensive Programming, Redundant Programming, Aesthetics. Software Modelling Tools –Data flow Diagrams, UML and XML. Jackson System Development.
3. Verification and Validation: Testing of Software Products – Black-Box Testing and White-Box Testing, Static Analysis, Symbolic Execution, and Control Flow Graphs – Cyclomatic Complexity. Introduction to testing of Real-time Software Systems.
4. Software Project Management: Management Functions and Processes, Project Planning and Control, Organization and Intra-team Communication, Risk Management. Software Cost Estimation – underlying factors of critical concern. Metrics for estimating costs of software products – Function Points. Techniques for software cost estimation – Expert judgement, Delphi cost estimation, Work break-down structure and Process breakdown structure, COCOMO, and COCOMO-II.
5. Advanced Topics: Formal Methods in Software Engineering – Z notation, Hoare’s notation. Formalization of Functional Specifications – SPEC. Support environment for the development of Software Products. Representative Tools for Editors, Linkers, Interpreters, Code Generators, Debuggers. Tools for Decision Support and Synthesis, Configuration control and Engineering Databases, Project Management, Petri nets. Introduction to Design Patterns, Aspect-oriented Programming.

**Textbooks and References:**

1. Carlo Ghezzi, *Fundamentals of Software Engineering*, 2nd Edition, PHI, 2002.
2. Ian Sommerville, *Software Engineering*, 9th Edition, Pearson, 2011.
3. Berzins and Luqi, *Software Engineering with Abstraction*, 1st Edition, Addison-Wesley, 1991.
4. Martin L. Shooman, *Software Engineering – Design, Reliability and Management*, McGraw-Hill Education, 1984.

**Course: Software Design Lab**

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Software Design Lab</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>0-0-3 (L:0H - T:0H - P:6H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

**Course Summary:**

Students will learn to develop the large programs.

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## Course: Seminar

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Seminar</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>0-0-2 (L:0H - T:0H - P:4H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Core</b>

### Course Summary:

Students will learn to read, understand and present latest research papers in their chosen area of interest.

# Elective Course Descriptions

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## Course: Performance Modeling of Computer Communication Networks

School	School of Engineering
Department	Computer Science and Engineering
Course Code	CSD339
Course Title	Performance Modeling of Computer communication networks
Credits	4
L-T-P (Contact Hours)	3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)
Prerequisites	CSD304, CSD209
Category	Major Elective

### Course Summary:

The course will enable the students to appreciate the power of analytical models in the analysis of the performance of computer communication networks.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. The probabilistic evolution of the computer communication network.
2. Estimate various performance metrics like mean delay, loss probability, overflow probability, mean buffer size.
3. Understanding of different statistical characteristics of computer communication network traffic.
4. Applicability of non-linear Markov chain for performance evaluation of ALOHA protocol.

### Curriculum Content:

1. Introduction to Queueing, The Queueing Paradigm, Motivating Examples - Power of analytical modeling and queueing theory. Review of Probability.
2. Introduction to stochastic process, The Poisson process, The inter-arrival times, Exponential service times, Foundation of M/M/1 queueing system, Little's Law, Reversibility and Burke's theorem, State-dependent M/M/1 queueing system, Performance measures.
3. The M/M/1/N Queueing system; The finite buffer case, The M/M/m Queueing system: m Parallel servers with a queue, The M/M/m/m queue: A loss system; Erlang's B and C formulae. The M/G/1 queueing system, Mean number The Recursion; Pollaczek-Khinchin mean value formula.
4. Networks of queues, Open networks, The product form solution, closed queueing network.
5. Discrete time Markov chains and Aloha protocol analysis, Properties of Aloha Markov chain.
6. Real-world workloads: High variability and heavy tails, Properties of the Pareto distribution.

### Textbooks and References:

1. Robertazzi T.G., *Computer Networks and Systems*, 3rd Edition, Springer, 2000.
2. Mor Harchol-Balter, *Performance Modeling and Design of Computer Systems: Queueing Theory in Action*, Cambridge university press, 2013.
3. Trivedi K.S., *Probability and Statistics, with Reliability, Queueing and Computer Science Applications*, 2nd Edition, Wiley.
4. Bertsekas D. and Gallager R., *Data Networks*, 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall, 1992.

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## Course: Wireless Sensor Networks

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD337</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Wireless Sensor Networks</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD304</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

### Course Summary:

Wireless sensor networks (WSNs) have attracted a wide range of disciplines where close interactions with the physical world are essential. The distributed sensing capabilities and the ease of deployment provided by a wireless communication paradigm make WSNs an important component of our daily lives. The course covers the basic concepts of WSN from a system perspective and application development. This course deals with comprehensive knowledge about wireless sensor networks. It provides insight into different layers and their design considerations.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Understand WSN architecture and applications.
2. Understand WSN design requirements.
3. Understand and analyze various WSN protocols.
4. Understand WSN communication technologies.
5. Understand WSN coverage & connectivity aspects.
6. Understand the security issues in WSN.

### Curriculum Content:

1. Introduction to Wireless sensor networks, Node and Network Architecture, Applications of WSN, WSN Protocol Stack.
2. WSN MAC protocols, Technologies for WSN, Sensor Deployment Mechanisms, Node Addressing.
3. Localization schemes, Time Synchronization, Network clustering, Query Models.
4. In-network data aggregation, QoS Management, Security.

### Textbooks and References:

1. Holger Karl & Andreas Willig, *Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks*, John Wiley, 2005.
2. Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli, & Taieb Znati, *Wireless Sensor Networks: Technology, Protocols, and Applications*, John Wiley, 2007.
3. Ian F. Akyildiz & Mehmet Can Vuran, *Wireless Sensor Networks*, John Wiley, 2010.
4. Waltenege W. Dargie & Christian Poellabauer, *Fundamentals of Wireless Sensor Networks: Theory and Practice*, John Wiley, 2010.

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## Course: Data Mining and Warehousing

School	School of Engineering
Department	Computer Science and Engineering
Course Code	CSD342
Course Title	Data Mining and Warehousing
Credits	4
L-T-P (Contact Hours)	3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)
Prerequisites	CSD201
Category	Major Elective

### Course Summary:

In this course, we would explore the fundamental data mining methodology, OLTP and OLAP, data pre-processing, association rules mining, clustering, classification, and other advanced topics in the field such as Social impact of Data mining, Recent trends in Data mining research, Challenges and Future Scope, need for Security and Privacy preserving in Data Mining.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of different tasks associated in Data Warehousing and Data Mining.
2. Understand the concepts of Data Pre-processing in the Data Mining process.
3. Understand the concepts of Association rules mining.
4. Understand the concepts of Data Mining techniques, such as Clustering, Classification, etc.
5. Formulate and design solutions for real-world Data Mining applications and Implement the designed solutions in the most suitable programming language.
6. Evaluate and Appraise/Criticize the solution designed for any data mining task.

### Curriculum Content:

1. Introduction to data mining – A bird's eye view, Data Mining issues, Social Implications Introduction to data warehousing, Database/OLTP systems, OLAP Data Pre-processing - Data Cleaning, Feature extraction.
2. Data Reduction and Transformation, Data Visualization, Mining Association Rules, From Association Mining to Correlation Analysis.
3. Classification – Feature selection for classification, Decision trees, Advanced Classification techniques.
4. Clustering – Cluster analysis, Advanced Clustering techniques.
5. Mining complex data, Text data mining, Mining Time-series data, Spatial data mining, Multimedia data mining, Mining the web.
6. Social impact of Data mining, Recent trends in Data mining research, Challenges and Future Scope, Security and Privacy preserving in Data Mining, Review.

### Textbooks and References:

1. J. Han and M. Kamber, *Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques*, 3rd Edition, Elsevier.
  2. J. Leskovec, A. Rajaraman, *Mining Massive Datasets*, 2nd Edition, DREAMTECH Press.
  3. Charu C. Agarwal, *Data Mining: The Textbook*, 1st Edition, Springer.
  4. M. Gopal, *Applied Machine Learning*, 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education.
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## Course: Information Retrieval

School	School of Engineering
Department	Computer Science and Engineering
Course Code	CSD
Course Title	Information Retrieval
Credits	3
L-T-P (Contact Hours)	3-0-0 (L:3H - T:0H - P:0)
Prerequisites	CSD201, CSD207, CSD209
Category	Major Elective

### Course Summary:

This is an undergraduate-level introductory course for information retrieval. It will cover algorithms, design, and implementation of modern information retrieval systems. Topic includes retrieval system design and implementation, text analysis techniques, retrieval models (e.g., Boolean, vector space, probabilistic, and learning-based methods), search evaluation, retrieval feedback, search log mining, and applications in web information management.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Information Retrieval process and impact of the web on IR.
2. Different information retrieval models
3. Performance metrics to evaluate any IR model
4. Query languages used for IR
5. Knowledge of text mining techniques
6. Understand the working of web search engines
7. Implement their own search engine

### Curriculum Content:

1. Introduction: Goals and history of IR. The impact of the web on IR.
2. Basic IR Models: Boolean and vector-space retrieval models; ranked retrieval; text-similarity metrics; TF-IDF (term frequency/inverse document frequency) weighting; cosine similarity.
3. Basic Tokenizing, Indexing, and Implementation of Vector-Space Retrieval: Simple tokenizing, stop-word removal, and stemming; inverted indices; efficient processing with sparse vectors;
4. Experimental Evaluation of IR: Performance metrics: recall, precision, and F-measure; Evaluations on benchmark text collections.
5. Query Operations and Languages: Relevance feedback; Query expansion; Query languages.
6. Text Classification and Cluster: K-Nearest Neighbour classification, Naïve Bayes Classifier, K-Means Clustering, HAC clustering.
7. Web Search: Search engines; spidering; metacrawlers; directed spidering; link analysis (e.g. Google PageRank).

### Textbooks and References:

1. C. Manning, P. Raghavan, and H. Schütze, *Introduction to Information Retrieval*, Cambridge University Press, 2008.
  2. Ricardo Baeza -Yates and Berthier Ribeiro – Neto, *Modern Information Retrieval: The Concepts and Technology behind Search*, ACM Press Books.
  3. Bruce Croft, Donald Metzler and Trevor Strohman, *Search Engines: Information Retrieval in Practice*, Pearson.
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## Course: Advanced Database Management System

School	School of Engineering
Department	Computer Science and Engineering
Course Code	CSD308
Course Title	Advanced Database Management System
Credits	3
L-T-P (Contact Hours)	2-0-1 (L:2H - T:0H - P:2H)
Prerequisites	CSD202
Category	Major Elective

### Course Summary:

The course discusses the system level issues, serializability, concurrency control, transaction management, and recovery. It addresses the issue of a database implementation, query processing and query optimization for relational databases. Different file structures, indexing, and hashing techniques will also be addressed. The course will also introduce the management of Big Data and data warehouse.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. The architecture and internals of the Relational DBMS system.
2. Concurrency control, its limitations, and algorithms to deal with the concurrent execution of transactions.
3. The failures that can occur during concurrent execution of transactions and different algorithms to recover from failures.
4. Query processing and optimization, performance, and cost of execution, and able to write optimized queries.
5. Fundamental concepts of data warehousing and OLAP techniques, Index Management.
6. The four dimensions of big data, challenges involved and its applications.

### Curriculum Content:

1. Introduction to database Concepts, Serializability: Concurrency Control Problems, Serializable Executions, Consistency Preservation, Ordering Transactions, Limitations of Serializability.
2. Recoverability: Rollback, Roll forward, Recoverable Histories, Avoiding Cascading Aborts, Strict Executions, The Recovery Manager, Schedulers.
3. Concurrency Control: Two phase locking, Deadlocks, Multi-granularity locking, Non Locking Schedulers: Timestamp ordering, Serializable graph testing.
4. Centralized Recovery: Failures, The recovery Manager, The Undo/redo algorithm, The Undo/no-undo algorithm, The no-undo/redo algorithm, The no-undo/no-undo algorithm.
5. Query Optimization: Algorithms for select, join, project, outer joins, aggregate and set operations, Combining operations using pipelining, Selectivity and Cost estimation.
6. Data Warehousing: What is Data Warehousing, dimensional modelling, slowly changing dimensions, fact tables, OLAP objects, business intelligence, and extract, transform, and load technologies.
7. View Maintenance: Materialized views and their applications, What is view maintenance
8. File Management: Placing file record on disk, Operation on Files, Files of unordered records, Files of ordered record, Single-level indexes, Multilevel Indexes, B-Tree, B+ Tree.
9. Big Data: Four Dimensions of Big Data, Why big data is fast and noisy, Applications in Different Domains.

### Textbooks and References:

1. Bernstein and Newcomer, *Principles of Transaction processing*, Morgan and Kaufmann.
2. Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant Navathe, *Fundamentals of Database Systems*, 6th edition, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, USA, 2010.
3. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, and S. Sudarshan, *Database Systems Concepts* 6th edition, McGraw-Hill Higher Education, 2010.
4. Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Jennifer Widom, *Database Systems: The Complete Book*, 2nd edition, Prentice-Hall, 2008.
5. Jim Grey, *On Database Operating System and Transaction Execution: Database operating Systems*, Springer – Verlag, 1979.

## Course: Introduction to Machine Learning

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>CSE</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD316</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Introduction to Machine Learning</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-0 (L:2H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD202, CSD209</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

### Course Summary:

The course introduces the basic concepts, techniques and tools for designing programs that learn from data.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Build models for prediction and data organization from data.
2. Learn to use basic ML libraries.
3. Understand the basic theories and concepts that underly machine learning.

### Curriculum Content:

The learning problem, Types of learning, Training, validation, testing, generalization, overfitting, Features and feature engineering, dimensionality reduction, Bayesian decision theory, Parametric methods, Tree models, Linear models, SVMs and kernel based models, Nearest neighbour models, Markov models, Neural network models, Ensemble methods - boosting, bagging, voting schemes, Distance metrics and cluster based models.,

The topics in the course will not be covered in linear order. They will be inter-twined to make machine learning easy to understand and hopefully the progression will be fairly logical.

### Textbooks and References:

1. Ethem Alpaydin, *Introduction to Machine Learning*, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., MIT Press, 2014.
2. Peter Flach, *Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that Make Sense of Data*, CUP, 2012.
3. Kevin Murphy, *Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective*, MIT Press, 2012.



## Course: Introduction to Logic and Functional Programming

School	School of Engineering
Department	CSE
Course Code	CSD318
Course Title	Introduction to Logic and Functional Programming
Credits	3
L-T-P (Contact Hours)	2-0-1 (L:2H - T:0H - P:2H)
Prerequisites	CSD202
Category	Major Elective

### Course Summary:

The course introduces declarative/applicative style of computing. Declarative programming is about describing what to achieve without instructing how to do it. In this category there are mainly two computing paradigms. One is based on resolution and the other on reduction. Logic programming is based on resolution and Functional programming is based on reduction. This course discusses mathematical foundations of these paradigms along with logic language called Prolog and functional language SML.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Learn and appreciate the declarative style of computing which is most suitable for building the structure and elements of computer programs and allows to express the logic of a computation without describing its control flow in contrast with imperative programming where actual flow of algorithm is stated and implemented.
2. Learn to model, or mathematical representations of physical systems which may be implemented in declarative languages.
3. Learn and code in Prolog (Programming in Logic) and SML functional languages.

### Curriculum Content:

1. **Introduction of computing paradigms:** Imperative versus declarative computing; Introduction of Logic and Functional Paradigm
2. **Propositional Logic:** Propositional Concepts; Natural Deduction and Axiomatic system; Semantic Tableaux and Resolution
3. **First Order Predicate Logic(FOL):** Predicate Calculus; Prenex normal forms and Skolemization; Clauses in FOL; Semantic Tableaux and Resolution
4. **Logic programming :** Conversion of Clauses to Clausal representation; Interpretation of Logic program (LP); Execution of a Query in Logic Program; Abstract interpreter for LP
5. **Prolog Programming:** Programming in Prolog (Overview);. Meta Level Programming and Meta interpreters; Nondeterministic Programming
6. **Functional Programming (FP) Concepts:** Functions; Mathematical notion of function; Multi-argument functions; Expression composition & equality; Recursive Definitions; Higher Order Functions; Functions as data objects; Curried Functions
7. **SML, a functional language:** Introduction to SML ; Value and Function Declaration; Bindings and Environments ; Polymorphic Function Declarations ; Records and Tuples ; Local declarations; List and Advanced Features in SML ; Manipulation of Lists ; Tree manipulation in SML; Graphs as an Application of a List ; Structures declaration ; Recursive Datatype Declarations ; Exception Handling

8. **Lambda Calculus:** Pure Lambda Calculus; Currying of function ( $\lambda$  - function with more arguments); Applied Lambda Calculus; Function definition using  $\lambda$ -notation; Recursive Definitions in  $\lambda$  - Notation
9. **Lazy and Eager Evaluation:** Evaluation Strategies; Lazy Evaluation; Evaluation Order and strictness of function; Programming with lazy evaluation; Interactive functional program; Delay of unnecessary computation; Eager Evaluation and Reasoning

**Textbooks and References:**

1. Saroj Kaushik, *Logic and Prolog Programming*, New Age International 2002.
2. J. W. Lloyd. *Foundations of Logic programming*. Springer-Verlag. New York.
3. Laurence C. Paulson. *ML for the Working Programmer*. Cambridge University Press.
4. Chris Reade. *Elements of Functional Programming*. Addison-Wesley.
5. John Kelly, *The Essence of Logic*, Prentice Hall of India, 1997.
6. Anil Nerode and Richard A. Shore. *Logic for Applications*. Springer-Verlag.
7. Leon Sterling and Ehud Shapiro. *The Art of Prolog (Advanced Programming Techniques)*, Prentice Hall of India, 1996.
8. Peter Henderson. *Functional Programming: Applications and Implementation*. Prentice Hall.

## Course: Applied Cryptography

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Applied Cryptography</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-0 (L:3H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD101, CSD205</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Course Summary:**

This course will introduce students to basic building blocks of cryptography and applications of cryptographic protocols in real world. The focus will be on how cryptography and its application can maintain privacy and security in electronic communications and computer networks.

**Learning Outcomes:**

1. Learn applied cryptographic basics
2. Learn to apply and use cryptographic concepts to real world problems

**Curriculum Content:**

1. Course Introduction and terminology, Conventional Cryptography: Definitions, Classical encryption techniques, One-time pad, Perfect Secrecy, DES, Triple DES, Finite fields, AES, Modes of Encryption
2. Asymmetric Cryptography: Number Theory, public key cryptography: RSA, ElGamal, and Elliptic Curve Cryptography, Diffie Hellman Key management, Digital Certificates: X.509
3. Stream Ciphers, LFSR based stream ciphers, Message Authentication Codes, Hash functions, Hash algorithms, Digital Signatures and Authentication Protocols, Firewalls
4. Intrusion Detection, PGP, S/MIME, Kerberos, IPsec, SSL/TLS, Password Hashing and Management

**Textbooks and References:**

1. *Modern cryptography*: Jonathan Katz, Yehuda Lindell, 2nd Ed., CRC Press
  2. W Stallings, *Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice*, 6/e, Prentice Hall
  3. Douglas R. Stinson, *Cryptography: Theory and Practice* 3/e, CRC Press, 2006
  4. Christof Paar, Jan Pelzl, *Understanding Cryptography: A textbook for students and practitioners*, 1/e, Springer
  5. A. Menezes, P. van Oorschot, S. Vanstone. *Handbook of Applied Cryptography*, CRC press, 1997.
  6. B. Schneier. *Applied Cryptography*. Second Edition. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1996
  7. B. Forouzan, D. Mukhopadhyay, *Cryptography and Network Security* 2/e, Tata-McGraw Hill
  8. Bernard Menezes, *Network Security and Cryptography* 2/e, Cenege Learning
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**Course: Foundation of Information Security**

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Foundation of Information Security</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-0 (L:3H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Course Summary:**

This course will introduce students to fundamentals of information security, cryptography, access control mechanisms, system attacks and defences against them.

**Learning Outcomes:**

1. Learn information security basics
2. Learn to use and apply various security mechanisms to real world problems

**Curriculum Content:**

1. Security Overview, CIA model, Threats, Policy and Mechanisms, Security Policies, Confidentiality Policies, Integrity Policies, Hybrid Policies, Cryptography Basics, Classical Cryptosystems, Stream Ciphers and Block Ciphers, Public Key Cryptography: RSA
2. Cryptographic Checksums , Authentication Basics, Password management, Challenge Response, Biometrics, Key Exchange, Certificate Chains, X.509, Digital Signatures, Access Control Lists: Creation and Maintenance, Revocation of Rights, Ring based Access Control
3. Stream Ciphers, LFSR based stream ciphers, Message Authentication Codes, Hash functions, Hash algorithms, Digital Signatures and Authentication Protocols, Firewalls, Malicious Logic, Trojan Horses, Viruses, Worms, Logic Bombs, Defenses, Sandboxing, Intrusion Detection: Principles and Basics, Anomaly modelling, Architecture: Host and network based Information Gathering, Organization of Intrusion Detection Systems, Intrusion Response
4. Firewalls and Proxies, DMZ server, User Security: Policy, Access, Files and Devices, Processes, Electronic Communications, Program Security: Requirements and Policy, Design, common security related programming problems, Virtual Machines Structure

### Textbooks and References:

1. Matt Bishop, S.S. Venkatramanayya, *Introduction to Computer Security*, 3/e, Pearson Education
  2. W Stallings, *Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice*, 6/e, Prentice Hall
  3. B. Forouzan, D. Mukhopadhyay, *Cryptography and Network Security* 2/e, Tata-McGraw Hill
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## Course: Security Analytics

School	School of Engineering
Department	Computer Science and Engineering
Course Code	CSD330
Course Title	Security Analytics
Credits	3
L-T-P (Contact Hours)	3-0-0 (L:3H - T:0H - P:0H)
Prerequisites	CSD201, CSD205 CSD209, CSD302, MAT160
Category	Major Elective

### Course Summary:

Techniques from data mining, machine learning, statistics and natural language processing (NLP) are increasingly being applied to computer security and big data problems. For example, phishing email and web site detection uses machine learning, statistics and NLP techniques. Intrusion Detection uses machine learning and data mining techniques. Denial of service attacks on the Internet have been tackled using statistics. However, there are some unique challenges posed by the application domain of security. The goal of this course is to give undergraduate students with a broad understanding of the main ideas of these fields with their applications to computer security problems and issues, the unique challenges posed by security, and the work that has been done to address these challenges.

### Course Aims:

The goal of this course is to give undergraduate students with a broad understanding of the main ideas of these fields with their applications to computer security problems and issues, the unique challenges posed by security, and the work that has been done to address these challenges.

### Learning Outcomes:

#### On successful completion of the course, students will be able to achieve the following:

1. Foundations of security and Unique characteristics of security domain
2. Types of data and preprocessing/visualization
3. supervised learning and Unsupervised learning
4. Natural Language Processing
5. Applications of the above analytical methods to network and web security problems

### Curriculum Content

1. Foundations of security - basic security principle, types of attackers, attacks, threat modelling, goals and mechanisms, malware, intrusion detection, denial of service, email and web security
2. Unique characteristics of security domain: availability of datasets, unbalanced data and diversity of data in each class, active adversary, asymmetrical costs of misclassification, poisoning of datasets, the base-rate fallacy, time scale of attacks, non-stationarity inference),
3. Data: Types of data and preprocessing/visualization
4. Unsupervised learning: clustering

5. Supervised learning: decision trees, soft-margin support-vector machines, neural networks, one-class, semi-supervised and multi-criteria learning, incremental classification
6. NLP: Markov chain models including HMMs and incremental HMMs, basic definitions and applications of NLP tasks such as part-of-speech tagging and word-sense disambiguation, WordNet, semantic feature selection
7. Applications of the above analytical methods to network and web security problems including intrusion detection, denial-of-service attacks, phishing email and web site detection, and anomaly detection. These will not be taught separately, rather they will be integrated with each of the three themes above: Data Mining, Machine Learning and NLP.
8. Advanced topics (if time permits): Adversarial machine learning, game theory, online learning, ensemble methods

**Textbooks and References:**

1. *Cyber security Analytics*, by Rakesh Verma and David Marchette, Chapman & Hall, 2019.
2. *Applications of Data Mining in Computer Security* by D. Barbara and S. Jajodia, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002.
3. *Statistical Methods in Computer Security* by William W. S. Chen, Marcel Dekker, 2005
4. *Investigative data mining for security and criminal detection* by Jesus Mena.
5. *Foundations of Security* by N. Daswani, C. Kern and A. Kesavan, Apress, 2007.
6. *Applied Cryptography* by B. Schneier, Wiley, 1996 or later.
7. *Cryptography and Network Security* by W. Stallings, Pearson Education, 2006 or later.

## Course: Computational Neuroscience

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD332</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Computational Neuroscience</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-0 (L:3H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Course Summary:**

This course introduces basic computational methods for understanding how nervous systems function. Computational principles underlying various aspects of vision, sensory-motor control, learning and memory are studied. Topics such as goal directed behaviour, sleep and consciousness would be discussed. The course has implications in advancement of artificial intelligence, machine learning and robotics as these fields are inspired by how human brain works.

**Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Appreciate the complexity involved in computations within the brain
2. Understand how to develop models of neurons and their networks
3. Decide to pursue research in the subject for final year thesis work or higher studies.

**Curriculum Content:**

1. **Introduction to CNS and basic neurobiology:** Introduction to CNS, Neuroanatomy: Frontal, Parietal, Temporal, Occipital, Insula and Limbic. Neurophysiology: Sensory Systems, Sensorimotor Control, Neural plasticity, Motivational Systems, Memory Systems.
  2. **Building Neural Models:** Integrate-and-Fire model, Hodgkin-Huxley model, Compartmental models, Hebbian plasticity, Neural encoding and decoding, Population models.
  3. **Project:** Students to undertake a mini project involving literature survey and building models using tools like MATLAB and NEURON.
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## Course: Image Processing and Its Applications

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD321</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Image Processing and Its Applications</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

### Curriculum Content:

Fundamentals of digital image processing with particular emphasis on problems in the chosen application as a project. Topics include imaging (light, the human visual system, visual phenomena and image processing system), filtering (this will include image enhancement, restoration, edge detection, image interpolation and motion estimation), basics of image registration, feature extraction techniques (PCA, ICA, corner detection, blob detection, ridge detection). The focus of the course is a series of labs that provide practical experience in processing different types of data and implementation of mentioned imaging techniques. The labs are done on MATLAB® during weekly lab sessions.

### Textbooks and References:

1. Lim J. S., *Two-Dimensional Signal and Image processing*. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall
  2. Gonzales, R. and R. E. Woods, *Digital Image Processing*, 2nd ed. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall
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## Course: Compiler Design

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD306</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Compiler Design</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>

<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD203, CSD303</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Curriculum Content:**

Introduction to Compilers, Lexical Analysis, Syntax Analysis, Semantic Analysis, Abstract Syntax Trees, Symbol Table, Intermediate Representation and Code Generation and Runtime System

**Textbooks and References:**

1. *Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools* by Alfred V. Aho , Monica S. Lam , Ravi Sethi and Jeffrey D. Ullman
2. *Theory and practice of compiler writing* by Trembley and Sorenson

## Course: Multimedia Computing

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Multimedia Computing</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-1 (L:3H - T:0H - P:2H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD101, Computer Organization and Architecture</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Curriculum Content:**

Introduction to Multimedia, motivation, challenges and applications, Introduction to digital audio ,Human Auditory system, Fletcher-Munson curves, Auditory threshold, Transforms, windowing and MDCT, Digital Audio Compression, Digital audio formats - PCM, I2S, SPDIF, Digital audio compression standards overview, MP3, Dolby Digital (AC3), Image Compression, Spatial and Psycho-visual redundancy, Lossy and Lossless compression, Image representation formats, DCT : Introduction and limitations, Quantization & quantizer design, Measuring image quality, Video Coding, Fixed and variable length coding, Entropy, Spatial and Temporal redundancy, Motion estimation and ME techniques, Image compression standards, JPEG, Video compression ,Standards overview, H.263, MPEG-1, MPEG-2, H.264/MPEG-4, Multimedia over IP networks, Issues and challenges, RTP/RTCP, QoS, Error resilience, Applications / case studies, Set Top Box.

**Textbooks and References:**

1. *Multimedia: Computing , Communications and Applications* by Ralf Steinmetz and Klara Nahrstedt, Prentice Hall 2002
2. *Fundamentals of Multimedia* by Ze-Nian Li, Mark S. Drew
3. *Image and Video Compression Standards: Algorithms and Architecture*, V. Bhaskaran and K. Konstantinides, 2nd ed., Kluwer Academic Publishers, 1997.
4. *Digital Video : An Introduction to MPEG-2*, Barry G. Haskell, Atul Puri, Arun N. Netravali, Chapman & Hall, New York, NY
5. *Digital Video Processing*, A. Murat Tekalp, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NJ
6. *H.264 and MPEG-4 Video compression : Video coding for next generation Multimedia*, Iain G. Richardson,Wiley

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## Course: Computer Vision

School	School of Engineering
Department	Computer Science and Engineering
Course Code	CSD332
Course Title	Computer Vision
Credits	3
L-T-P (Contact Hours)	2-0-1 (L:2H - T:0H - P:2H)
Prerequisites	CSD316
Category	Major Elective

### Curriculum Content:

Topics include image analysis concepts, including wavelets, image transformations, object segmentation, visual recognition, description methods, structure from motion, video analysis, depth from stereo, medical imaging, and computational photography.

### Textbooks and References:

1. *Introductory Techniques for 3D Computer Vision*, by Emanuele Trucco and Alessandro Verri, Prentice-Hall, 1998.
2. *Three-Dimensional Computer Vision: A Geometric Viewpoint*, by Olivier Faugeras, MIT Press, 1996.
3. *Computer Vision: A Modern Approach*, by David Forsyth and Jean Ponce, 2003.
4. *Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications*, by Richard Szeliski, Springer, 2010

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## Course: Computer Graphics

School	School of Engineering
Department	Computer Science and Engineering
Course Code	CSD322
Course Title	Computer Graphics
Credits	3
L-T-P (Contact Hours)	2-0-1 (L:2H - T:0H - P:2H)
Prerequisites	
Category	Major Elective

### Curriculum Content:

1. Introduction, CG system, Recursive Fractals, Geometric Objects, Affine Transformations - Translation, Rotation, Scaling, Homogeneous Coordinates, Concatenation.



- OpenGL Transformations, Projection, Parallel, Perspective, extended Homogenous, Viewing Volumes, Frame Transformations, Clipping, View-Port transformation, Stereo Viewing, Artistic Projection, Non linear projection, Introduction to OpenGL and GLUT.
- Modeling curves and surfaces, Parametric polynomial curves, Bezier curves, Hermite curves, Splines, B-spline subdivisions schemes, Tensor product surfaces, Surface of revolution, Polygonal meshes. 3D formats: obj and md2, Texture coordinates, Half edge data structures, Back/front faces, hidden line removal using depth buffer.
- Rendering faces: Gouraud and Phong shading, Ray tracing, Ray casting, Recursive ray-tracing, Ray mesh intersection, Bounding objects, Scene description, Anti-Aliasing, Distributed ray tracing.

**Textbooks and References:**

*Interactive Computer Graphics: A Top-Down Approach with OpenGL*, 2nd Edition, Edward Angel

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## Course: 3D Game Programming

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD326</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>3D Game Programming</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-0 (L:3H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD101</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Curriculum Content:**

This course provides an introduction to video game development. Its main objective is to expose the students to the process, myths, and techniques of creating video games. Teams of students will experience a condensed version of the entire video game development process, simulating the role of a small independent developer.

**Textbooks and References:**

- Mathematics for 3D game programming and computer graphics*. E. Lengyel. JP. Flynt-2004.
  - OpenGL game programming*. K. Hawkins 2001.
  - Beginning OpenGL game programming*, Dave Astle and Kevin Hawkins, 2004.
  - Advanced OpenGL game programming*, Dave Astle and Kevin Hawkins, 2005.
  - 3D game programming: using DirectX 10 and OpenGL*, Pierre Rautenbach 2008.
  - Introduction to 3D game programming with DirectX 10*. FD. Luna-2008
  - Game and Graphics Programming for iOS and Android OpenGL ES 2.0*, Romain Marucchi-Foino (2012).
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## Course: Special Topics in Theoretical Computer Science

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Special Topics in Theoretical Computer Science</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-0 (L:3H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>

<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD302</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Course Summary:**

The course emphasis is on special topics and research problems in the emerging areas.

**Learning Outcomes:**

Students will learn new and recent trends in the theoretical computer science.

**Curriculum Content:**

The detailed content will be provided by the faculty conducting the course as and when required.

**Textbooks and References:**

Research papers

## Course: Special Topics in Artificial Intelligence

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Special Topics in Artificial Intelligence</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-0 (L:3H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD201</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Course Summary:**

The course emphasis is on special topics and research problems in the emerging areas.

**Learning Outcomes:**

Students will learn new and recent trends in AI.

**Curriculum Content:**

The detailed content will be provided by the faculty conducting the course as and when required.

**Textbooks and References:**

Research papers

## Course: Special Topics in Systems

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>

<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Special Topics in Systems</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-0 (L:3H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>CSD204, CSD205</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Course Summary:**

The course emphasis is on special topics and research problems in the emerging areas.

**Learning Outcomes:**

Students will learn new and recent trends in this area.

**Curriculum Content:**

The detailed content will be provided by the faculty conducting the course as and when required.

**Textbooks and References:**

Research papers

## Course: Special Topics in Applications

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Special Topics in Applications</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>3-0-0 (L:3H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Course Summary:**

The course emphasis is on special topics and research problems in the emerging areas.

**Learning Outcomes:**

Students will learn new and recent trends in this area.

**Curriculum Content:**

The detailed content will be provided by the faculty conducting the course as and when required.

**Textbooks and References:**

Research papers

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## Course: Special Module in Computer Applications

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Special Module in Computer Applications</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>1-0-0 (L:1H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

### Course Summary:

To provide insight into current research problems in the area of Applications of Computer Science. The exact contents are of computer application may differ every year depending on the course run under this category.

### Learning Outcomes:

Student will understand the insight into current research problems in this area.

### Curriculum Content:

The detailed content will be provided by the faculty conducting the course as and when required.

### Textbooks and References:

Research papers

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## Course: Special Module in Artificial Intelligence

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Special Module in Artificial Intelligence</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>1-0-0 (L:1H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Course Summary:**

The students will learn about topics, which are currently at the forefront of Artificial Intelligence research. Each semester, the theme of the course may change depending on the instructor.

**Learning Outcomes:**

Student will understand the insight into current research problems in this area.

**Curriculum Content:**

The detailed content will be provided by the faculty conducting the course as and when required.

**Textbooks and References:**

Research papers

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**Course: Special Module in Theoretical Computer Science**

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Special Module in Theoretical Computer Science</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>1-0-0 (L:1H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

**Course Summary:**

To provide insight into current research problems in the area of theoretical of Computer Science. The exact contents are of theoretical computer science may differ every year depending on the course run under this category.

**Learning Outcomes:**

Student will understand the insight into current research problems in this area.

**Curriculum Content:**

The detailed content will be provided by the faculty conducting the course as and when required.

**Textbooks and References:**

Research papers

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## Course: Special Module in Systems

<b>School</b>	<b>School of Engineering</b>
<b>Department</b>	<b>Computer Science and Engineering</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSD</b>
<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Special Module in Systems</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>L-T-P (Contact Hours)</b>	<b>1-0-0 (L:1H - T:0H - P:0H)</b>
<b>Prerequisites</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Category</b>	<b>Major Elective</b>

### Course Summary:

To provide insight into current research problems in the area of systems. The exact contents are of theoretical computer science may differ every year depending on the course run under this category.

### Learning Outcomes:

Student will understand the insight into current research problems in this area.

### Curriculum Content:

The detailed content will be provided by the faculty conducting the course as and when required.

### Textbooks and References:

Research papers